

## ENIGMA

# An EC-funded quasar monitoring network

Luisa Ostorero<sup>(\*)</sup> & Stefan Wagner <sup>(\*)</sup> on behalf of the ENIGMA collaboration

(\*) Landessternwarte Heidelberg, Germany

### **Outline**

- The ENIGMA Network
- The ENIGMA blazar monitoring facilities
- An example of ENIGMA multiwavelength campaign
- Possible ENIGMA-AGILE collaboration
- Conclusions

European
Network for the
Investigation of
Galactic nuclei through
Multifrequency
Analysis

- A network on quasar research funded by the EC
- Period of activity: Nov 2002 Oct 2006
- 8 teams among the most active in Europe for quasar research
- Program combining new strategies in empirical and theoretical research towards an understanding of structure and radiation processes of quasars

http://www.lsw.uni-heidelberg.de/users/swagner/enigma.html

#### **ENIGMA Team**

#### **Team Leader**

1- Landessternwarte	Heidelberg
(Germany)	

S. Wagner

2- MPIfR, Bonn (Germany)

A. Witzel

3- Tuorla Observatory (Finland)

L. Takalo

4- Metsähovi Radio Observatory (Finland)

M. Tornikoski

5- Torino Observatory (Italy)

C.M. Raiteri

6- Brera Observatory (Italy)

G. Ghisellini

7- University of Athens (Greece)

K. Tsinganos

8- Cork Institute of Technology

N. Smith

ENIGMA Team	<u>Team Leader</u>	Associated Partners (A.P.)
1- Landessternwarte Heidelberg (Germany)	S. Wagner	O. Kurtanidze (Abastumani Obs., Georgia) J. Kirk (MPIK, Hedelberg, Germany)
2- MPIfR, Bonn (Germany)	A. Witzel	
3- Tuorla Observatory (Finland)	L. Takalo	
4- Metsähovi Radio Observatory (Finland)	M. Tornikoski	
5- Torino Observatory (Italy)	C.M. Raiteri	G. Tosti (Perugia University Obs.)
6- Brera Observatory (Italy)	G. Ghisellini	
7- University of Athens (Greece)	K. Tsinganos	I. Papadakis (FORTH, Crete, Greece)
8- Cork Institute of Technology	N. Smith	L.Hanlon,B.McBreen (Dept. Exp. Phys.,UC,Dublin) D. Gabuzda (Physics Dept., UC Cork) K. Nolan (IT Tallaght, Dublin)

ENIGMA Team	<u>Team Leader</u>	Young Researchers	
1- Landessternwarte Heidelberg (Germany)	S. Wagner	D. Emmanoulopoulos L. Ostorero E. Ferrero	PhD post-doc post-doc
2- MPIfR, Bonn (Germany)	A. Witzel	E. Angelakis I. Agudo	PhD post-doc
3- Tuorla Observatory (Finland)	L. Takalo	S. Ciprini	post-doc
4- Metsähovi Radio Observatory (Finland)	M. Tornikoski	M. Tröller	PhD
5- Torino Observatory (Italy)	C.M. Raiteri	U. Bach L. Fuhrmann	post-doc post-doc
6- Brera Observatory (Italy)	G. Ghisellini	K. Katarzynski	post-doc
7- University of Athens (Greece)	K. Tsinganos	J. Gracia	post-doc
8- Cork Institute of Technology	N. Smith	A. Papageorgiou	post-doc

AGILE Multiwavelength Group Meeting - Roma (Italy), February 03, 2005

### The ENIGMA Science Program

#### **SIX SCIENCE TASKS**

- 1) Towards automated, fast, and accurate photometry
- 2) Separating intrinsic and extrinsic Intraday Variability
- 3) Radiation processes at high energies
- 4) Variations of Source Structure and Flux
- 5) Particle acceleration in MHD outflows
- 6) The Power of Jets

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### The ENIGMA Science Program

#### Task 3: Radiation processes at high energies

- Coordinated multi-frequency monitoring is an essential tool for the understanding of radiation mechanisms
- ENIGMA goals:
  - ➤ Set up of strategies for coordinated long- and short-term monitoring programs to be conducted in parallel with the European opportunities XMM, INTEGRAL, AGILE, H.E.S.S. and MAGIC.
  - ➤ Carrying out of such coordinated observing campaigns, making use of the first-time availability of a complete wavelength coverage, including radio, mm-, near-IR, optical, X-ray, and gamma-ray instrumentation http://kurp.hut.fi/~mtt/enigma/
  - Creation of a multifrequency archive
    http://www.astro.utu.fi/enigma.html



## The ENIGMA observing facilities

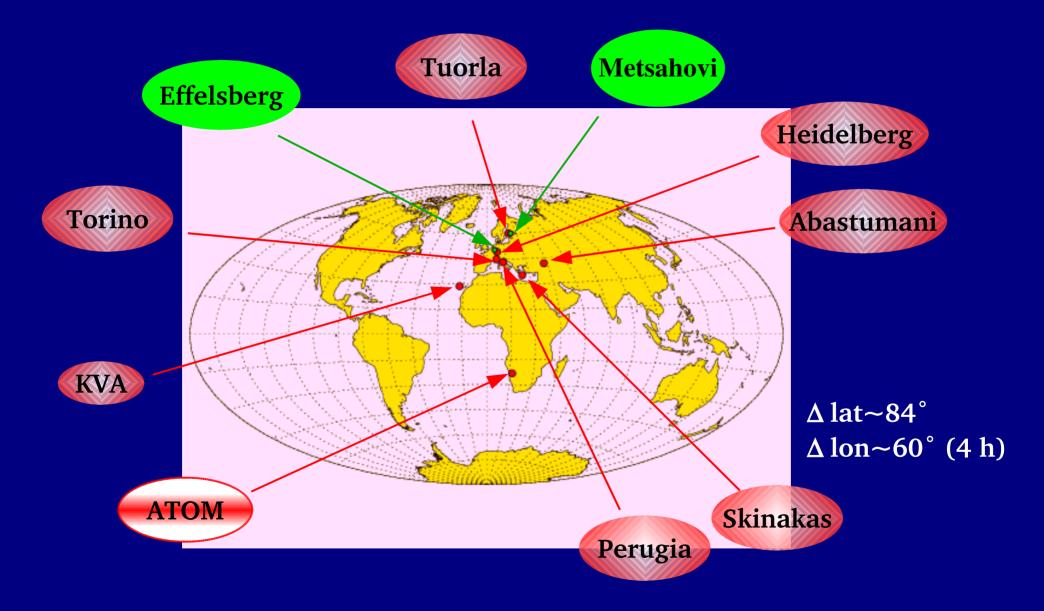


ENIGMA	Telescope	Telescope	Tel. instr.	ENIGMA contact person
Team	(OPT/RAD)	diam.	PH/POL/SP	
LSW Heidelberg	Heidelberg, Germany	70 cm	PH	S. Wagner
	ATOM, Namibia	75 cm	PH	S.Wagner
	Abastumani, Georgia	70 cm	PH	O. Kurtanidze (A.P.)
Torino Observatory	Torino, Italy	105 cm	PH	M. Villata
	Perugia, Italy	40 cm	PH	G. Tosti (A.P.)
Tuorla Observatory	Tuorla, Finland	100 cm	PH	L. Takalo
	KVA, La Palma, Spain	35/60 cm	PH/POL	L. Takalo
<b>University of Athens</b>	Skinakas, Crete, Greece	130 cm	PH/SP	I. Papadakis (A.P.)
Metsahovi Radio Observatory	Metsahovi, Finland	14 m		M. Tornikoski
MPIfR, Bonn	Effelsberg, Germany	100 m		T. Krichbaum

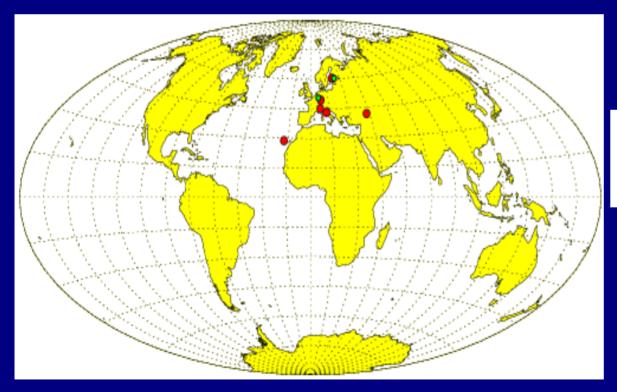


## The ENIGMA observing facilities



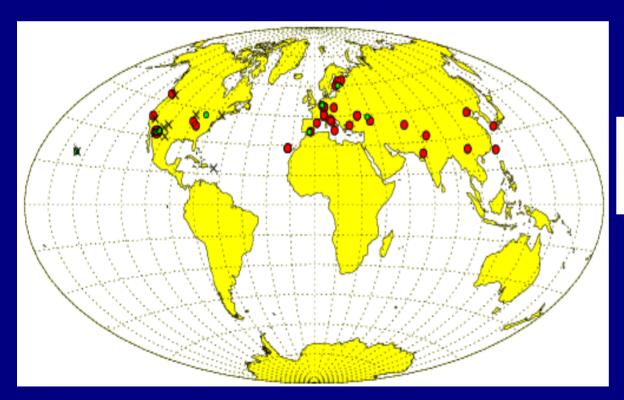


- Target: BL Lac object S5 0716+714 (IDV, high Tb)
- **ENIGMA-INTEGRAL observation of ~ 1 week in November 2003**
- Simultaneous multiwavelength observations organized by ENIGMA:
  - > ENIGMA observing facilities



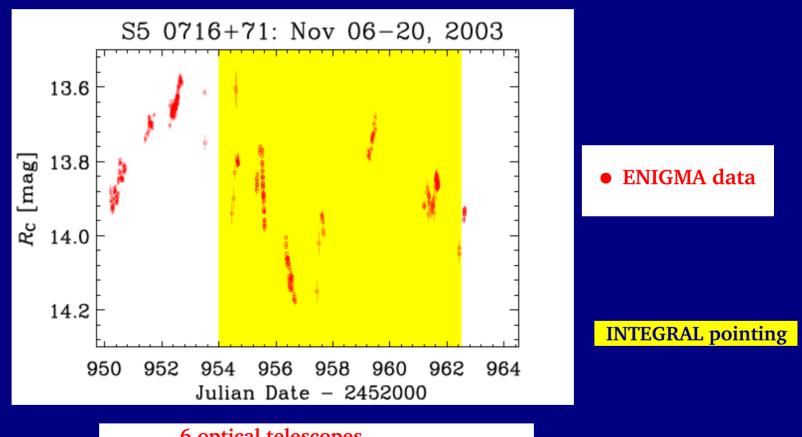
- 6 optical telescopes (35 cm -1.3 m)
- 2 Radio telescopes

- Target: BL Lac object S5 0716+714 (IDV, high Tb)
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- Simultaneous multiwavelength observations organized by ENIGMA:
  - > ENIGMA observing facilities
  - > ENIGMA + coordinated observatories +WEBT consortium (see next presentation)



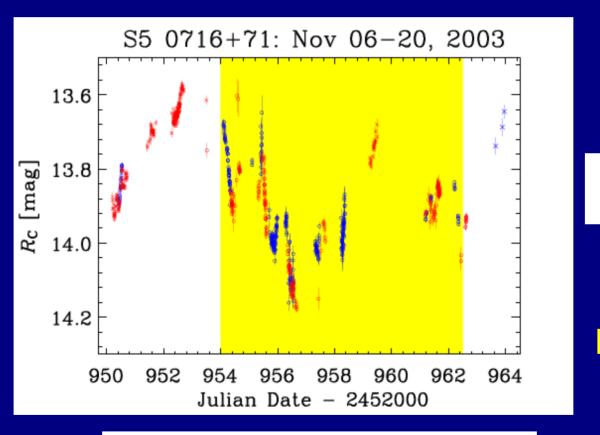
- 38 Opt/IR telescopes (28 cm-4.2 m)
- 9 Radio/mm/submm telescopes
- **X** VLBA antennas

Optical R-band light curve during a 2-week period including the INTEGRAL pointing: result of the ENIGMA facilities



6 optical telescopes ~1050 R-band data-points in ~2 weeks

Optical R-band light curve during a 2-week period including the INTEGRAL pointing: result of the whole collaboration



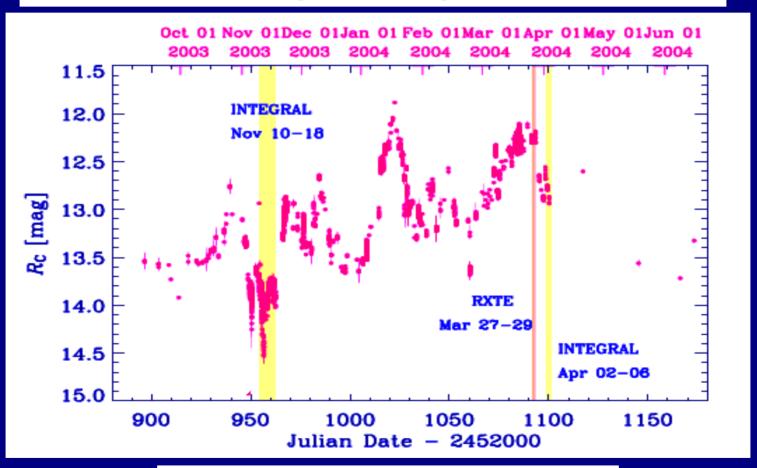
- ENIGMA data
- other data

INTEGRAL pointing

13 optical telescopes ∼1950 R-band data-points in ~2 weeks

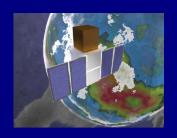
ENIGMA can act as an alert system for high-energy observations

S5 0716+71: R-band light curve during October 2003 - Jun 2004



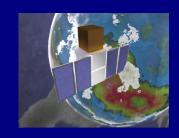
38 optical telescopes (whole collaboration) ~ 10.000 R-band data-points in ~8 months



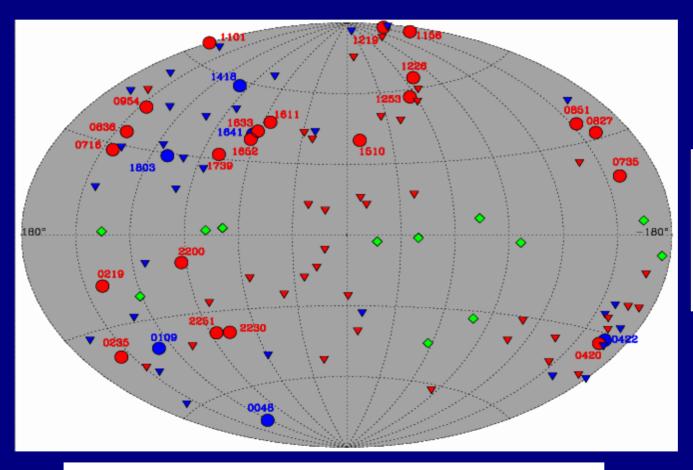


- ENIGMA will be able to carry out multiwavelength follow-up of AGILE observations of blazars until October 2006
- The relevance of the ENIGMA contribution will depend on:
  - **➤** AGILE observing strategy during CYCLE-1
  - > Weather conditions





#### **ENIGMA** accessible sky



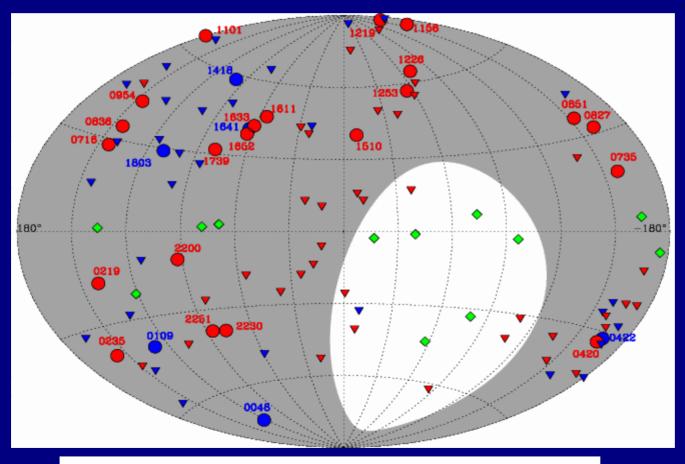
- ENIGMA accessible sky
- **●▼** EGRET blazars
- **●▼** non-EGRET blazars

~100 blazars monitored by ENIGMA optical observatories





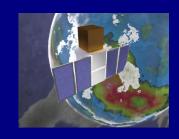
#### **ENIGMA** accessible sky: better monitoring



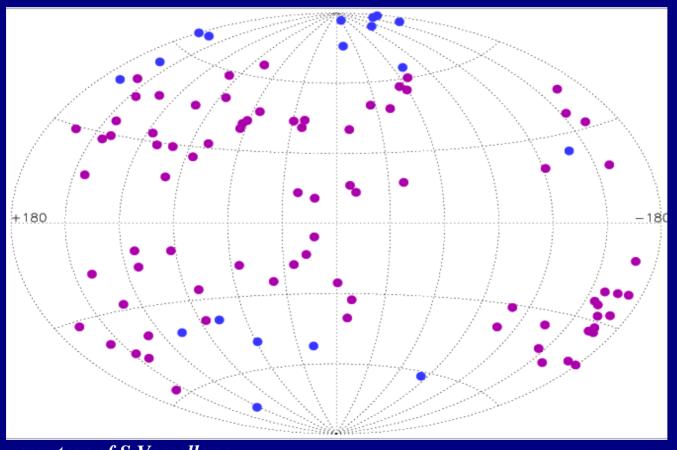
- ENIGMA accessible sky
- **●▼** EGRET blazars
- **●▼** non-EGRET blazars

- ~100 blazars monitored by ENIGMA optical observatories





### Possible AGILE Cycle-1 (all-sky): exposures

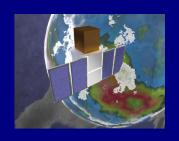


courtesy of S. Vercellone

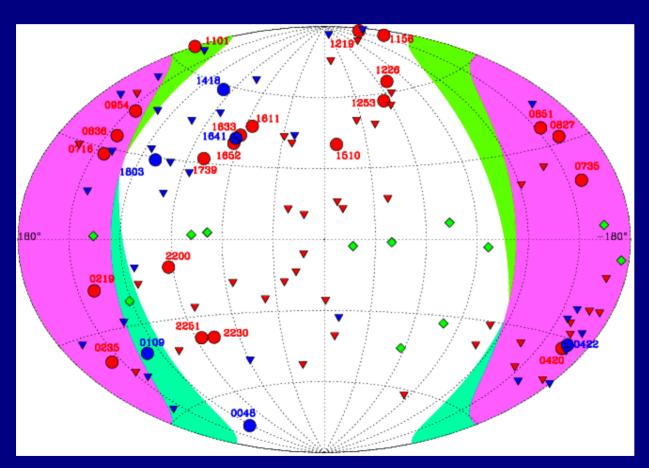
AGILE Cycle-1 exposures [cm<sup>2</sup>· sec]

- > 1.e9
- 1.e8 ÷÷ 1.e9





### **Example of AGILE-ENIGMA joint observation**

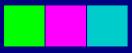


HYP. ~ March 2006

1-month pointing towards the Crab region

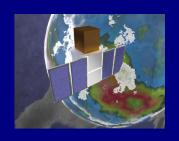
AGILE observed sources:

**23 EGRET blazars** 17 non-EGRET blazars

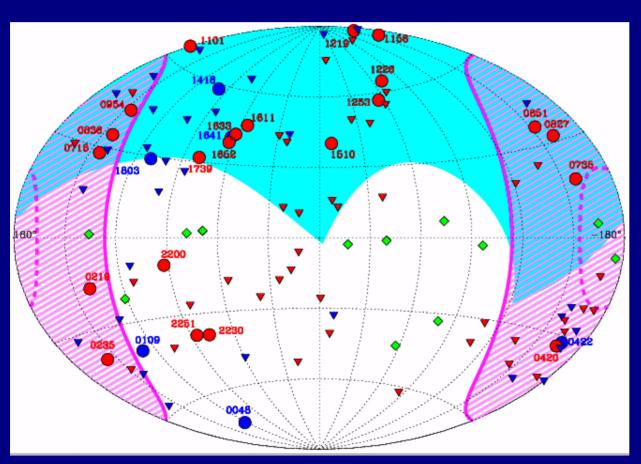


AGILE F.O.V. evolution during the 1-month pointing





### **Example of AGILE-ENIGMA joint observation**



HYP. ~ March 2006

1-month pointing towards the Crab region

AGILE-ENIGMA observable sources:

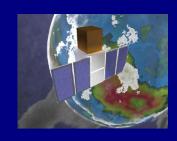


10/23 EGRET blazars 4/17 non-EGRET blazars

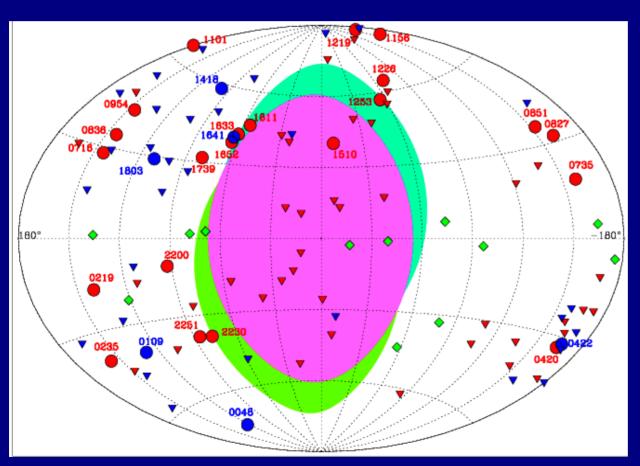
Night sky which can be well monitored by ENIGMA optical telescopes in March







### **Example of AGILE-ENIGMA joint observation**



HYP. ~ Sep 2006

1-month pointing towards the Galactic Center

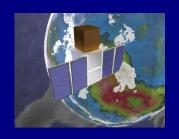
AGILE observed sources:

21 EGRET blazars2 non-EGRET blazars

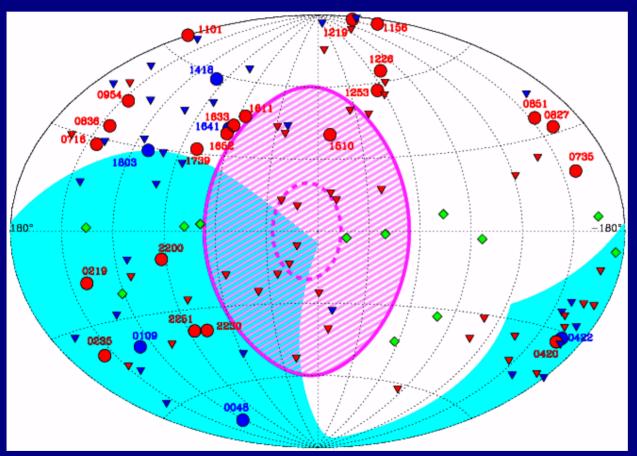


AGILE F.O.V. evolution during the 1-month pointing





### **Example of AGILE-ENIGMA joint observation**



AGILE F.O.V.

HYP. ∼ Sep 2006

1-month pointing towards the Galactic Center

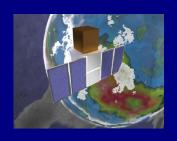
AGILE-ENIGMA observable sources:



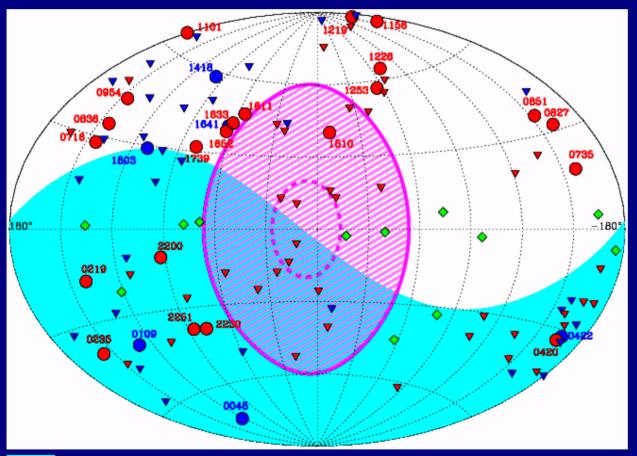
3/21 EGRET blazars 0/2 non-EGRET blazars

Night sky which can be well monitored by ENIGMA optical telescopes in September





#### **Example of AGILE-ENIGMA joint observation**



Night sky which can be monitored by ENIGMA optical telescopes in September



HYP. ~ Sep 2006

1-month pointing towards the Galactic Center

AGILE-ENIGMA
observable sources
(with Southern
facilities taken into account)

8/21 EGRET blazars1/2 non-EGRET blazars

### **Conclusions**

- The ENIGMA-AGILE collaboration is one of the goals of the ENIGMA Science Program
- ENIGMA can participate in the ground-based multiwavelength follow-up of the AGILE Cycle-1 observations of blazars until October 2006
   ⇒ Observing facilities: 8 optical telescopes + 2 radio antennas
- ENIGMA can act as an alert system for high-energy observations
- The relevance of the ENIGMA contribution will depend on the AGILE Cycle-1 pointing plan: better follow-up of Northern sources

Luisa Ostorero on behalf of Massimo Villata , President of the WEBT collaboration



13 optical and multiwavelength campaigns since 1997 with the participation of more than 70 optical and 10 radio and near-IR telescopes

#### **CONSTITUTION** (Dec. 2000)

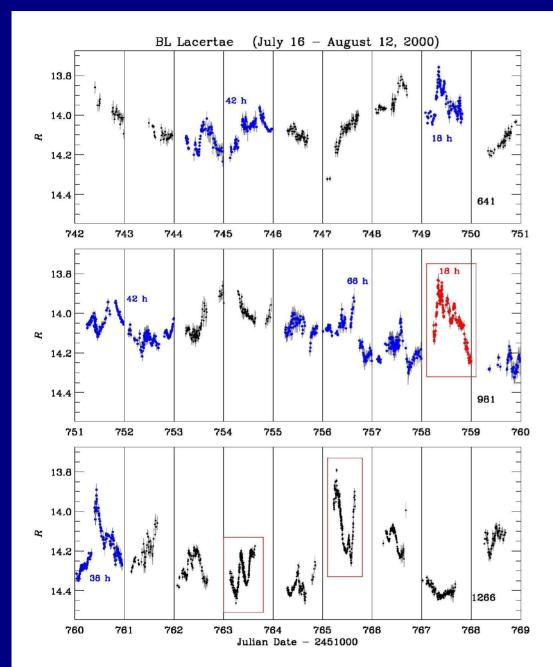
(from) Art. 2 - Purpose

- The purpose of the WEBT is the organization of optical photometric observations of the celestial bodies called Blazars during optical and multiwavelength campaigns involving observatories located at different longitudes all around the world, in order to obtain a continuous monitoring of the target source and, as final result, a high-temporal-density, high-precision, uninterrupted optical light curve during all the campaign period.
- The WEBT will function as a non-profit worldwide scientific organization, and the results obtained will be published and shared with the international scientific community

#### CONSTITUTION (Dec. 2000)

(from) Art. 7 - Campaigns

- WEBT campaigns may be proposed to the President by anyone.
- The President may officially endorse the campaign to be a WEBT campaign.
- The President will appoint a Campaign Manager to organize and lead the campaign.
- Duties of the Campaign Manager: recruitment of the observers, creation of a campaign web page (information and instructions, observing strategy, participant list), correspondence with all the observers, informing the participants about the state of the campaign and on the behaviour of the target source from preliminary data reduction, data collection and analysis, plot of the final light curves.
- Duties of the participating observers:
   informing the Campaign Manager on the instrumentation used and on the state of
   their observing activity, providing the Campaign Manager with their reduced data
   or pre-reduced frames within the fixed deadline.
- Campaign results: published in a dedicated paper after consultation and agreement with the Executive Officer for publication.

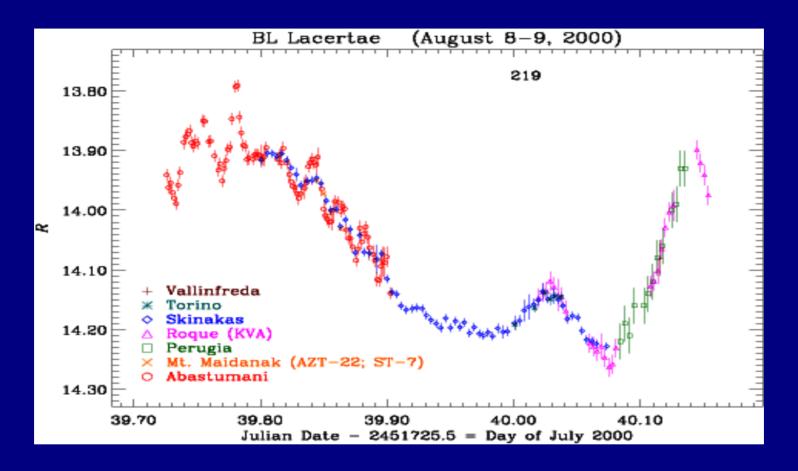


BL Lacertae campaign 2000

Example of a medium-term campaign (~1 month):

an almost uninterrupted light curve (composed by ~3000 data points) with continuous segments of 1-3 days separated by gaps of few hours (the "Pacific gap")

(Villata et al. 2002, A&A, 390, 407)



Focusing on a single segment of ~12 hours, the figure shows how the observing task moves from east to west during the "night"

(Villata et al. 2002, A&A, 390, 407)

Thank you for your attention